

B.Sc.Programme-II
 Physics - Paper No. PH201
 Physical Science
 (Electricity, Magnetism and Electromagnetic Theory)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 50

Question No. 1 is **compulsory** & attempt **four** other questions.**Q 1** Answer any four : $4 \times 2\frac{1}{2} = 10$

- (a) Find the angle between $\mathbf{A} = 2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{B} = 6\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$
 (b) Determine the value of a so that $\mathbf{A} = 2\mathbf{i} + a\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{B} = 4\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$ are perpendicular.
 (c) Given $\mathbf{R} = \sin t \mathbf{i} + \cos t \mathbf{j} + t\mathbf{k}$, find

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2}\mathbf{R}$$

- (d) If $\phi(x, y, z) = 3x^2y - y^3z^2$, find $\nabla\phi$ at the point $(1, -2, -1)$.
 (e) If $\mathbf{A} = 2yz\mathbf{i} - x^2y\mathbf{j} + xz^2\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{B} = x^2\mathbf{i} + yz\mathbf{j} - xy\mathbf{k}$, find $(\mathbf{B} \cdot \nabla)\mathbf{A}$.

Q 2 (a) If $\mathbf{v} = \omega \times \mathbf{r}$, prove $\omega = \frac{1}{2}\text{curl}\mathbf{v}$ 6(b) Show that $\nabla r^n = nr^{n-2}\mathbf{r}$ 4**Q 3** (a) Find a unit normal to the surface $x^2y + 2xz = 4$ at the point $(2, -2, 3)$. 6(b) Find $\nabla\phi$ if $\phi = \frac{1}{r}$. 4**Q 4** State the Gauss law in electrostatics. Using Gauss law find the electric field outside and inside a uniformly charged sphere of radius a . 10**Q 5** (a) Establish a relation between the electrostatic field and the electrostatic field. 5(b) Find the electric field of a dipole in polar coordinates (r, θ) . 5**Q 6** If $\mathbf{F} = 2y\mathbf{i} - z\mathbf{j} + x^2\mathbf{k}$ and S is the surface of the parabolic cylinder $y^2 = 8x$ in the first octant bounded by $y = 4$ and $z = 6$, evaluate 10

$$\int \int_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} ds$$